

ŠKOLSKO NATJECANJE U ZNANJU ENGLESKOGA JEZIKA

za 8. razred osnovne škole

3. veljače 2010. u 13.00 sati

UPUTE NATJECATELJIMA O RJEŠAVANJU TESTA

(Ove upute se mora priložiti uz svaki test. Osim toga, dežurni nastavnici ih moraju pročitati natjecateljima prije početka rješavanja testa.)

- Za rješavanje testa koristite samo kemijsku olovku (plavu ili crnu) koja se ne može brisati. Ne smijete koristiti običnu olovku i ne smijete upotrebljavati korektor.
- Pažljivo pročitajte upute za svaki zadatak. Za vrijeme rješavanja testa ne smijete tražiti nikakva dodatna objašnjenja od dežurnog nastavnika.
- uz test ste dobili poseban LIST ZA ODGOVORE (ANSWER SHEET), na kojem se nalaze tablice u koje morate čitko upisati svoje konačne odgovore. Prosudbeno povjerenstvo će uzimati u obzir samo ona rješenja koja upišete u tablice na listu za odgovore.
- Ako se za rješenje zadatka traži da napišete riječ ili dio rečenice, takvo rješenje morate napisati pisanim slovima.
- Konačne odgovore, odnosno rješenja koja ste upisali u odgovarajuće tablice na posebnom LISTU ZA ODGOVORE (ANSWER SHEET) ne smijete ni na koji način prepravljati, jer će se svako prepravljeno rješenje poništiti.
- Cijeli test morate završiti u roku od 90 minuta.

GOOD LUCK!

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za 8. razred osnovne škole

ŠKOLSKA GODINA 2009. / 2010.

Zaporka:

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(pet znamenki i riječ)

Čitanje s razumijevanjem: _____ / **6 bodova**

Uporaba jezika: _____ / **54 boda**

Ukupno: _____ / **60 bodova**

Školsko povjerenstvo:

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

Predsjednik Školskog povjerenstva:

(mjesto i nadnevak)

Task 1 –Reading comprehension – Read the article carefully and circle the best answer.

Was Fred Flintstone a vegetarian?

Some anthropologists now think that for millions of years man's diet was more than 80 percent vegetarian. Alan Vega investigates...

Twenty-four million years ago when our ancestors lived in the tropical forests of central Africa, they probably ate plants and fruit, and, from time to time, a few insects. When these prehistoric people started to travel north into the savannah, their diet changed too, and they began to eat a lot of seeds and other plant material. And this is probably how man lived for the next twenty-two million years, eating roots, seeds, fruit, nuts, vegetables and occasionally a little meat.

How do we know? One important clue is our teeth. Just like animals which eat plants, humans have teeth called molars which we need to break down hard food such as seeds. Archaeologists can also tell us about diets of the past.

The Aztecs and Incas ate a lot of cereals, beans and fruit and not much meat at all. In classical India most people didn't eat meat and the Japanese were mainly vegetarian until a few generations ago. The main food of the slaves who built the Pyramids was boiled onions! Even today, some societies whose lifestyles are unchanged (like the Aborigines of Western Australia) are still mostly vegetarian.

During the nineteenth century people in western countries suddenly began to eat a lot more meat. New methods of keeping and killing animals, better transport and new inventions like fridges and freezers helped to reduce the price of meat for ordinary people. It was probably at this time that the typical western meal that millions of people eat every day – meat, potatoes and vegetables – was born.

Also during the nineteenth century, the vegetarian movement started in Europe and the USA. But it was only in the 1960s that more and more people in the west decided to give up meat in their diets. So why do people choose to be vegetarian? Many people decide to become vegetarian for personal reasons. First of all, some people think that it is healthier not to eat meat. Others believe that it is cruel to eat animals. The Irish writer George Bernard Shaw once said, 'Animals are my friends – and I don't eat my friends'. Finally there are some people who think that growing food for cows and pigs to eat is not very economical. Today vegetarianism is more and more popular in Europe and the USA. But in most countries people who never eat meat are still a very small minority.

1) Millions of years ago our ancestors

- a) moved from the savannah to central Africa.
- b) didn't eat much meat.
- c) mostly ate insects.

2) The Japanese

- a) used to eat meat but stopped.
- b) have the same diet as people in classical India.
- c) didn't eat much meat until recently.

3) In the nineteenth century people started eating more meat because

- a) a lot of people bought fridges and freezers.
- b) it was popular to eat the same things every day.
- c) technology helped the price of meat to fall.

4) In the 1960s

- a) the vegetarian movement was born in Europe and the USA.
- b) a lot of people decided to go on a diet.
- c) many people stopped eating meat.

5) George Bernard Shaw didn't eat meat because

- a) he thought that it was unkind to kill animals.
- b) he wanted to do the same as his friends.
- c) he wanted to keep healthy.

6) In the western world today

- a) vegetarianism is growing all the time.
- b) there are more vegetarians than people who eat meat.
- c) vegetarianism is less common than in the 1960s.

(6 points)

Remember to write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

Task 2– Tenses – Complete the sentences using the correct tense of the verbs in brackets.

Moving house

I come from a very large family, and recently my parents **1)** _____ (decide) that they had spent long enough living in an overcrowded house in Birmingham. 'We **2)** _____ (move) to the country,' my father **3)** _____ (announce) one evening. 'I **4)** _____ (already/sell) this house, and we **5)** _____ (live) on a farm.' So last week we **6)** _____ (load) all our possessions into two hired vans, and for the last few days we **7)** _____ (try) to organise ourselves in our new home. Yesterday, for example, my three brothers and I **8)** _____ (start) painting the downstairs rooms. Unfortunately, while I **9)** _____ (mix) the paint, one of my sisters **10)** _____ (open) the door. So instead of painting the walls, we **11)** _____ (spend) all morning cleaning the paint off the floor. But worse things **12)** _____ (happen) since then. This morning when I **13)** _____ (wake up), water **14)** _____ (drip) through the ceiling next to my bed. We **15)** _____ (spend) today so far repairing the roof. It's not all bad news, though. The school in the village nearby **16)** _____ (close) down two years ago, and my parents **17)** _____ (not find) another school for us yet.

(17 points)

Task 3 – Complete the sentences with a suitable **preposition**.

- 1) When Sue visited Italy, she soon picked _____ the language.
- 2) Please pay attention _____ what your teacher says.
- 3) What's the answer if you multiply 18 _____ 16?
- 4) I was late for school because my alarm clock didn't go _____ this morning.
- 5) She looks _____ to her big brother and always asks him for his advice.

(5 points)

Remember to write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

Task 4 – Complete each sentence with a word formed from a word and a suffix or prefix in the box below.

care	employ	satisfied	friend	astonish	night	pronounce	skirts	
	dis-	mis-	out-	over-	-ment	-less	-ship	-ee

Example: David was tired of being an employee so he started his own company.

- 1) I travelled to Scotland on the _____ train and slept all the way.
- 2) You're always breaking things! Why are you so _____?
- 3) We all believe in _____ between the people of different nations.
- 4) We live in a flat on the _____ of London.
- 5) Jane knows a lot of French words, but she tends to _____ them.
- 6) George was very _____ with the service at the hotel.
- 7) Imagine my _____ when the budgie started to speak.

(7 points)

Task 5 - Articles – Complete with **a**, **the** or **Ø**

- 1) David learned to play _____ violin when he was at _____ school.
- 2) _____ Trafalgar Square is near Charing Cross Station.
- 3) _____ people who live in _____ Netherlands are called _____ Dutch.
- 4) Is that _____ present Bill gave you for _____ Christmas?
- 5) I'm going to _____ British Museum this afternoon.
- 6) There is _____ cinema in _____ Bridge Street called _____ Odeon.
- 7) _____ Prime Minister will give a speech this afternoon.
- 8) Some people claim that _____ computer has already changed our lives dramatically.

(8 points)

Remember to write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

Task 6 - Food and drink idioms– Complete each sentence with a food or drink word.

Each space represents one letter.

- 1) Reggae music isn't really my cup of ___ __ __ . I prefer pop music.
- 2) Riding a bike is easy. It's a piece of ___ __ __ __ .
- 3) Eve thinks her new WAP phone is the best thing since sliced ___ __ __ __ __ .
- 4) My uncle's a couch ___ __ __ __ __ and he's always glued to the TV.
- 5) Peter doesn't earn a lot. He works on the checkout at his local supermarket.
They pay him ___ __ __ __ __ .
- 6) Ana was at the bank when a robber burst in and held up the staff. Some of the customers started screaming but Ana was as cool as a ___ __ __ __ __ .
She took out her mobile phone and called the police.

(6 points)

Task 7 – Hobbies – Complete the sentences with the right form of the suitable verb.

- 1) My father-in-law _____ coins.
- 2) How often do you _____ jogging?
- 3) I _____ quite a lot of rock climbing when I'm on holiday.
- 4) Bill wanted to improve his chess, so he _____ a chess club.
- 5) She has always _____ her own clothes; it's much cheaper than buying them.

(5 points)

Remember to write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

Task 8 - Complete the sentences by using a verb or expression from the list and the appropriate **reflexive pronoun**. Be careful to use the correct form of the verb in the sentences.

be angry at	teach	entertain	introduce	promise
	be proud of	feel sorry for		

*Example: Karen never took lessons. She **taught herself** how to play the piano.*

- 1) You did a good job, Bob and Barbara.
You should _____.
- 2) The children played very well without adult supervision.
They _____ by playing school.
- 3) Fred's car has run out of gas. Now Fred has to walk two miles to a gas station. He _____ for forgetting to fill the tank.
- 4) Jill had always wanted to meet Mr. Anderson. When she saw him at a party last night, she walked over and _____ to him.
- 5) Nothing good ever comes from self-pity. You should stop _____, George, and start doing something to solve your problems.
- 6) When my best friend and I got several bad grades last week, we _____ to do our best at school in the future.

(6 points)

Remember to write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

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LIST ZA ODGOVORE (ANSWER SHEET)

Zaporka:

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(pet znamenki i riječ)

Čitanje s razumijevanjem: _____ / 6 bodova

Uporaba jezika: _____ / 54 boda

Ukupno: _____ / 60 bodova

Napomena: Ako se za rješenje zadatka traži da napišete riječ ili dio rečenice, takvo rješenje morate napisati pisanim slovima.

TASK 1		TASK 2			
1.		1.		10.	
2.		2.		11.	
3.		3.		12.	
4.		4.		13.	
5.		5.		14.	
6.		6.		15.	
Total points:		7.		16.	
		8.		17.	
		9.		Total points:	

ZAPORKA: _____

TASK 3		TASK 4		TASK 5		TASK 6	
1.		1.		1.	,	1.	
2.		2.		2.		2.	
3.		3.		3.	, ,	3.	
4.		4.		4.	,	4.	
5.		5.		5.		5.	
Total points:		6.		6.	, ,	6.	
		7.		7.		Total points:	
		Total points:		8.			
				Total points:			

TASK 7		TASK 8	
1.		1.	
2.		2.	
3.		3.	
4.		4.	
5.		5.	
Total points:		6.	
		Total points:	

Školsko povjerenstvo:

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

Predsjednik Školskog povjerenstva:

(mjesto i nadnevak)

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Školska godina 2009. / 2010.

RJEŠENJA ZADATAKA (ANSWER KEY)

Upute za ispravljanje:

- ako se za rješenje zadatka traži riječ ili dio rečenice, takvo rješenje mora biti napisano pisanim slovima
- prepravljena rješenja se poništavaju
- *u petom zadatku (članovi) cijela rečenica mora biti točno riješena (tj. svi članovi) da bi se osvojio 1 bod

TASK 1		TASK 2			
1.	b	1.	decided	10.	opened
2.	c	2.	are('re) moving/ are ('re) going to move	11.	spent
3.	c	3.	announced	12.	have happened
4.	c	4.	have ('ve) already sold	13.	woke up
5.	a	5.	are ('re) going to live	14.	was dripping
6.	a	6.	loaded	15.	have spent
Total points:6		7.	have ('ve) been trying / have ('ve) tried	16.	closed
		8.	started	17.	have not (haven't) found
		9.	was mixing	Total points: 17	

TASK 3		TASK 4		TASK 5*		TASK 6	
1.	up	1.	overnight	1.	the, Ø	1.	tea
2.	to	2.	careless	2.	Ø	2.	cake
3.	by	3.	friendship	3.	the, the, the	3.	bread
4.	off	4.	outskirts	4.	the, Ø	4.	potato
5.	up	5.	mispronounce	5.	the	5.	peanuts
Total points: 5		6.	dissatisfied	6.	a, Ø, the	6.	cucumber
		7.	astonishment	7.	the	Total points: 6	
		Total points: 7		8.	the		
				Total points: 8			

TASK 7		TASK 8	
1.	collects	1.	be proud of yourselves
2.	go	2.	entertained themselves
3.	do	3.	is angry at himself
4.	joined	4.	introduced herself
5.	made / tailored / sewn (sewed)	5.	feeling sorry for yourself
Total points: 5		6.	promised ourselves
		Total points: 6	